

more inexpensively. Incidentally, since the internal body is received in the space so liquid-tightly that the channels are sealed securely individually, there is no fluid leakage.

[0010] Further, according to the configuration as described in Claim 2, the work for forming the space, the internal body and the channels becomes easy.

5 [0011] Further, according to the configuration as described in Claim 3, the work for forming the channels becomes easy.

[0012] ~~Further, according to the configuration as described in Claim 4, the internal body can be positioned easily with sufficiently high accuracy.~~

10 [0013] The present disclosure relates to the subject matter contained in Japanese patent application No. Hei. 11-347184 (filed on December 7, 1999), which is expressly incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWINGS

15 [0014] In the drawings:

[0015] Fig. 1 is a frontal sectional view showing an upper half of an embodiment of the present invention.

[0016] Fig. 2 is a view from the arrow I-I in Fig. 1.

[0017] Fig. 3 is a right sectional view of a lower half thereof.

20 [0018] Fig. 4 is a perspective view of the internal body.

[0019] Fig. 5 is a plan view of the internal body.

[0020] Fig. 6 is a sectional view from the arrow II-II in Fig. 5.

[0021] Fig. 7 is a sectional view from the arrow III-III in Fig. 5.

[0022] Fig. 8 is a sectional view from the arrow IV-IV in Fig. 5.

25 [0023] Fig. 9 is a frontal sectional view showing an upper half of an example of a background-art fluidic device.

[0024] Fig. 10 is a view from the arrow V-V in Fig. 9.

[0025] Fig. 11 is a right sectional view of a lower half thereof.

[0026] Fig. 12 is a plan sectional view showing an opening end portion of a passage.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0027] An embodiment of the present invention will be described below with reference to the drawings.